

UNIVERSITAS INDONESIA FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAM

SYLLABUS AKUNTANSI BIAYA (COST ACCOUNTING) ECAU 602101 ODD SEMESTER 2019/2020

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Subject Code	ECAU 602101
Subject Title	Cost Accounting
Credit Value	3
Year	2
Pre-requisite/	1. Introductory Accounting (ECAU601104)
Co-requisite/	
Exclusion	
Role and Purposes	This course is part of management cluster, which consist of Cost Accounting and Management Accounting. This course is aimed for providing techniques to support management decision making, especially in product costing. Discussion in this course includes cost terminology, flow of inventoriable costs and period costs, calculating cost of goods manufactured and cost of goods sols, cost accumulation systems, cost allocation methods, and inventory management. This course will be a prerequisite for continuing to Management Accounting course (ECAU602103).

		pletion of the subject, students will be able to: ply techniques to support management decision m	aking (T1)
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Week #	Торіс	LO	Required Reading
	1&2	 The Manager & Management Accounting Distinguish financial accounting from management accounting Understand how management accountants help firms make strategic decisions Describe the set of business functions in the value chain and identify the dimensions of performance that customers are expecting of companies Explain the five-step decision-making process and its role in management accounting Describe three guidelines management accountants follow in supporting managers Understand how management accounting fits into an organization's structure Understand what professional ethics mean to management accountants An Introduction to Cost Terms and Purposes Define and illustrate a cost object Distinguish between direct costs and indirect costs Explain variable costs and fixed costs Interpret unit cost cautiously Distinguish how of inventoriable and period cost Explain why product costs are computed in different ways for different purposes Describe a framework for cost accounting and cost management Determing how costs behave Describe linear cost functions and three common ways in which they behave Explain the importance of causality in estimating cost functions Understand various methods of cost estimation Outline six steps in estimating a cost function using quantitative analysis Describe three criteria used to evaluate and choose cost drivers Be aware of data problems encountered in estimating cost functions 	T1	HDR: Ch 1, 2, 10 Recommended In-class Exercises ("RIE"): Ex.1-19 Ex.2-23, 2-33 Pr.2-37 Ex.10-23 Ex.10-32 Recommended Tutorial Exercises ("RTE"): Pr.2-41 Pr.2-42 (only Q#1 & Q#2) Pr.2.45 Pr.10-37

3 & 4 Job Costing T1 HDR: Ch 4 • Describe the building-block concepts of costing systems Distinguish job-costing from process-costing p. 750-755) • Describe the approaches to evaluating and implementing job-costing system • Outline the seven-step approach to normal costing RIE: • Outline the seven-step approach to normal costing • Track the flow of costs in job-costing system RIE: • Distinguish actual costing from normal costing • Track the flow of costs in job-costing system RTE: • Distoguish actual costing from normal costing • Track the flow of costs in job-costing system RTE: • Distinguish ourder-or or overallocated manufacturing overhead costs at the fiscal year using alternative methods Understand the total company's calculated overhead. Pri.18-40, 18-42 • Distinguish overhead specific for job from overhead common to all jobs Spoilage, Rework, and Scrap in Job Costing 42 Spoilage, Rework and Scrap in Job costing • Account for rework in job costing T1 HDR: Ch 17 • Identify the differences between normal and abnormal spoilage • Account for scrap T1 HDR: Ch 17 • Identify the situation in which process-costing systems are appropriate • Account for scrap T1 HDR: Ch 17 • Identify the situation in which process-costing and compute a	LO Required	Week # Topic
 Identify the situation in which process-costing systems are appropriate Understand the basic concepts of process costing and compute average unit costs Ex.17-29 s.d. 	herepts of costing occess-costing aluating and em ch to normal normal costing osting system at the fiscal year en overhead in y's calculated or job from b Costing ng costing and en normal and costing osting system at the fiscal year en normal and cor job from costing spoilage, rework, en normal and costing spoilage, rework, en normal costing costing spoilage, rework, en normal costing costing spoilage, rework, en normal costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costing costin	 Describe the building-block concepts of costing systems Distinguish job-costing from process-costing Describe the approaches to evaluating and implementing job-costing system Outline the seven-step approach to normal costing Distinguish actual costing from normal costing Track the flow of costs in job-costing system Dispose of under- or overallocated manufacturing overhead costs at the fiscal year using alternative methods Understand the relation between overhead in each job and the total company's calculated overhead. Distinguish overhead specific for job from overhead common to all jobs Spoilage, Rework, and Scrap in Job Costing Understand the definitions of spoilage, rework, and scrap Identify the differences between normal and abnormal spoilage Account for spoilage in job costing Account for scrap
Calculate equivalent units.RTE: Pr.17-46 sd 17-Use the weighted-average method and first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of process costing • Apply process-costing methods to situations with transferred-in costsRTE: Pr.17-46 sd 17-7Spoilage in Process Costing • Account for spoilage in process costing using the weighted-average method and FIFO method • Account for spoilage at various stages ofT1RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE: RTE	process-costing of process costing sRIE: Ex.17-29 s.d. Ex.17-32 Pr.17-35prod and first-in, ess costing to situations withRTE: Pr.17-46 sd 17-40T1HDR: Ch 18 RIE: Ex.18-21, 18-22	 Identify the situation in which process-costing systems are appropriate Understand the basic concepts of process costing and compute average unit costs Describe the five steps in process costing and calculate equivalent units. Use the weighted-average method and first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of process costing Apply process-costing methods to situations with transferred-in costs 5poilage in Process Costing Account for spoilage in process costing using the weighted-average method and FIFO method Account for spoilage at various stages of

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Week #	Торіс	LO	Required
	Loin muchust and by muchust	т1	Reading
8	 Join product and by-product Identify the split-off point in a joint-cost situation 	T1	HDR: Ch 16 RIE
	 and distinguish joint products from by products Explain why joint costs are allocated to individual products 		Ex.16-28, 16-31
	 Allocate joint costs using for methods Identify situations when the sales value at split- 		RTE: Pr.16-35, 16-38, 16-
	off method is preferred when allocating joint costs		39
	 Explain why joint costs are irrelevant in a sell-or- process-further decision Account for byproducts using two methods 		
9	 Cost Allocation Understand the cost hierarchy-based operating income statement 	T1	HDR: Ch 14 (p. 589- 593) and Ch 15 RIE:
	 Understand criteria to guide cost-allocation decisions 		Ex.15-21, 15-22
	 Supporting department cost allocation Distinguish the single rate-method from the dual- rate method 		RTE: Pr.15-31 Pr.15-31 (HDR 15th
	 Understand how the choice between allocation based on budgeted and actual rates and between budged and actual usage can affect the incentive of division managers 		ed)
	 Allocating multiple support departments costs using the direct method, the step down method, and the reciprocal method 		
	 Allocating common costs using the stand alone method and the incremental method 		
10 & 11	 Activity-based Costing Explain how broad averaging undercosts and 	T1	HDR: Ch 5 MAHM: Ch 5
	 overcosts products and services Present three guidelines for refining a costing system 		RIE: Ex.5-19
	 system Distinguish between simple and activity-based 		Ex.5-21
	 costing system Describe a four-part cost Hierarchy 		RTE: Pr.5-37
	Cost products or services using activity-based costing		
	 Evaluate the costs and benefits of implementing activity-based costing system 		
	 Activity-based management Describe activity-based management and explain 		
	 its relationship to activity-based costing Explain process value analysis 		
	 Describe activity performance measurement 		

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		 Describe activity based customer and supplier costing Explain how managers use activity-based costing system in activity-based management 		
	12	 Quality Costing: Measurement and Control Identify and describe the four types of quality cost Prepare a Quality Cost Report, and differentiate between Acceptable Quality Level and the view espoused by Total Quality Control Explain why quality cost is needed and how it is used 	T1	MAHM: Ch 15 RIE: Ex.15-5
	13	 Inventory Management Identify six categories of costs associated with goods for sale Balance ordering costs with carrying costs using the economic order quantity (EOQ) decision model Identify the effect or errors that can arise when using the EOQ decision model and ways to reduce conflicts between the EOQ model and models used for performance evaluation 	T1	HDR: Ch 20 (p. 798-806) RIE: Ex.20-24 Ex.20-25 RTE: Pr.20-30, 20-31
	14	 Just in-time and backflush costing Describe why companies are using just-in-time purchasing Distinguish materials requirement planning (MRP) systems from just-in-time (JIT) systems for manufacturing Identify the features and benefits of just-in-time production system Describe different ways backflush costing can simplify traditional inventory costing system 	T1	HDR: Ch 20 (p.807-823) RIE: Ex.20-27 s.d Ex.20-29
Teaching/Learning Methodology	discussing problems Students related to Weekly qu	nethod uses active lecturing, in which students ach and completing related problems or cases under t and cases are taken from the text book and other s are required to attend the tutorial sessions to in all topics in this subject. iz will be conducted at the beginning of the class. y related to plagiarism, cheating, and attenda	he gu cource	idance of lecturer. The es. ve their technical skill

Method in Alignment with	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	%	Intended Learning Outcomes to be Assessed
Intended Learning			T1
Outcomes	Continuous assessment	100%	V
outcomes	INDIVIDUAL	100%	
	Mid Term Exam (35%)		100%
	Final Exam (35%)		100%
	Weekly Quizzes (20%)		V
	Tutorial sessions & other		
	components (10%)		

Student Study			
Effort Expected	Class Contacts:		
	Lectures	35 Hours	
	Discussion	15 Hours	
	Other student study effort:		
	Preparation assignment/exercies	42 Hours	
	Independent Activities	42 Hours	
	Total	119 Hours	
Reading List and References	 Required Main Readings: Datar, Srikant M., and Rajan, Madhav V., Horngren's Cost Accounting: A Manager Emphasis, 16th edition, Prentice-Hall (Pearson), 2018. (HDR) Supplementary Readings: Hansen, D. R., and, M. M. Mowen, Managerial Accounting, 8th edition, South-Wester Publishing Company, 2007. (MAHM) 		