

UNIVERSITAS INDONESIA FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS

ACCOUNTING RESEARCH METHOD **3 CREDITS** ECAU609106 **ODD SEMESTER 2020/2021**

No.	Lectures Name	E-Mail Adress
1	Dr. Fitriany S.E., M.Ak.	Fitriany2411@gmail.com

Subject Code	ECAU609106							
Subject Title	Accounting Research Method							
Credit Value	3							
Pre-requisite/	Accounting Theory							
Co-requisite/								
Exclusion								
Role and Purposes	This course aims at giving understanding to students the process of scientific research and its use as problem-solving tools. Specifically, students will learn the research process starts from formulating a research problem, perform a critical literature review, develop a research framework, formulate hypotheses, develop an appropriate research design, data analysis, and develop a research proposal.							
Subject Learning	Upon completion of the subject, the student will be able to:							
Outcomes	a) Understand the concept, process, and use of scientific research as							
	problem-solving tools.							
	b) Understand the research development in accounting.							
	c) Identify and formulate a good research problem.							
	d) Develop a good critical literature review, theoretical framework, and							
	hypothesis.							
	e) Develop an appropriate research design to research problem.							
	f) Use statistical software tools to conduct research.							
	g) Perform quantitative and qualitative data analysis.							
	h) Write a research proposal for a case study or empirical research.							



Subject Synopsis/								
Indicative Syllabus	Week #	Topic	LO	Required Reading				
	1	Introduction to Research & Scientific Research A Glimpse of Quantitative vs Qualitative Research	a	US: Ch. 1 & 2				
	2	Overview of Empirical Quantitative Research in Accounting	b	Beaver, Oler et al., Hopper and Buih (figure 5, 8, 10, 11, &12)				
	3	-Case Study	b	Cooper and Morgan				
		-Illustration of Research Process; Identify and defining problem statement	С	US: Ch 3 Ge and Liu p. 598-601; Ali and Lesage p. 21-22; Juliani and Sholihin p. 178-179 Busacca & Maccarrone p. 306-307				
	4	Group Presentation- Chapter 1 Introduction	h					
	5	Develop Critical Literature Review, theoretical framework and hypothesis development Elements of Research Design	d e	US: Ch. 4, 5, & 6 Ge and Liu p. 601- 603; Ali and Lesage p. 23-27; Juliani and Sholihin p. 179- 181; Busacca & Maccarrone p. 307- 310				
	6&7	Group Presentation- Chapter 1-2 (Introduction, Literature Review, theoretical framework and hypothesis	h	OSITAS INDON				

	development)		T
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8	Data Collection Method: primary and secondary data	е	US: Ch. 7,8, & 9 Ge and Liu p. 602- 605; Ali and Lesage p. 28; Juliani and Sholihin p. 182- 184; Busacca & Maccarrone p. 307, 310
9	Sampling	e	US: Ch. 13 Ge and Liu p. 602- 605; Ali and Lesage p.28; Juliani and Sholihin p. 181- 184; Busacca & Maccarrone
10	Measurement of variables: Operational definition, scaling, reliability, and validity	е	US: Ch. 11 &12 Ge and Liu p. 602- 605; Ali and Lesage p.27-28; Juliani and Sholihin p. 182- 184; Busacca & Maccarrone
11	Quantitative data analysis	g	US: Ch.14 & 15 Ge and Liu p. 605-620; Ali and Lesage p. 28-32; Juliani and Sholihin p. 183-192; Busacca & Maccarrone p. 310-326
12	Qualitative data analysis Research Report	g	US: Ch.16 & 17 Efferin and Rudiawarni Tsamenyi et. al (Qualitative case

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	120-14	Cuava D				l _a	S	tudy)			
	13&14 Group Presentation- Chapter 1-3 (Introduction, Literature Review, theoretical					h					
		framework and hypothesis									
			ment and Res								
		Design)									
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Teaching method uses class discussions and experiential learning approaches in which students achieve the learning objectives by preparing a research proposal directly under the guidance of the lecturer. A Research Proposal is prepared in groups (maximum of 4 students per group) determined by the lecturer and is executed starting from the fourth week until the last week of classes. Students are required to submit the final research proposal in the final test. Each group will present their research progress to be discussed with the lecturers as facilitators and other groups. Results of the discussion are expected to provide input to each group to improve the research proposal. These sharing sessions are also expected to benefit students to learn from other group's experiences. Students are required to learn the reading materials for each session independently, and then discuss the material in their group on how to apply the specific topic in their research proposal. Students can consult with lecturer via email, or if necessary, students may also consult directly. Students will also be introduced to statistical software such as Stata or E-views so that the students will have sufficient expertise in data processing.										
Assessment Method in Alignment with	Specific % Intended Learning Outcomes Assessment Weighting to be Assessed							3			
Intended Learning	Assess Method		Weighting			ιυ	DC A	23633	cu		
Outcomes				a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
	Continu		100%								
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	propos	al									
	(10%)										
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	propos	al									-
	(15%)									517	AS IA

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	Weekly		V	V	V	V	V		V		
	summary										
	and/or										
	presentation										
	(10%)										
	INDIVIDUAL	50%									
	Mid Term		V	V	V	V					
	Exam (15%)										
	Final Term						v	V	V	V	
	Exam (15%)										
	Participation		v	v	v	v	v	v	v	V	
	and discussion										
	(10%)										
	Quiz (15%)		v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	
	Lab (5%)		+	+	+	Ť	+	v	v		
Student Study	Lab (370)							1 *	1 '		
Effort Expected	Class Contacts				-						
Effort Expected								-		22.5	
	Lectures								T	The second second	
	Hours										
	Presentation 12.5										
	Hours										
	Other student study effort										
	Preparation for presentation 10 Hours										
	Preparation for pre		ment	tests					25 F	Iours	
Reading List and	Required Readings:										
References	Sekaran, U., & R. Bougie, 2016. Research Method for Business: A										
	Skill-Building Approach. John-Wiley & Sons, Inc, 7th (US).										
	Supplementary Readings:										
	1. Beaver, W.H., 2002, Perspectives on Recent Capital Market										
	Research, Accounting Review 77 (2), 453-474.										
	2. Cooper, D.J and W. Morgan, 2008, Case Study Research in										
	Accounting, Accounting Horizons, 22 (2), 159-178.										
	3. Ali, Ben C., & Lesage, C. (2013). Audit pricing and nature of controlling										
	shareholders: Evidence from France. China Journal of Accounting										
	Research, 6(1), 21–34.										
	4. Ge, Wenxia, and Mingzhi Liu, 2015, Corporate social										
	responsibility and the cost of corporate bonds, Journal of										
	Accounting and Public Policy 34, Issue 6, Pages 597-624.										
										ment	
	5. Hopper, Trevor, and Binh Buih, 2016, Has Management Accounting Research been critical? Management Accounting										
	Research, 31, June 2016, Pages 10-30.										
	6. Juliani, Dian and M. Sholihin, 2014, Pengaruh faktor-faktor										
	kontekstual terhadap persepsian penyerapan anggaran terkait										
	pengadaan barang dan jasa, Journal Akuntansi dan Keuangan										
	Indonesia 11 (2), 177-199.										
	7. Oler, D.K., et al., 2010, Characterizing Accounting Research,										
	Accounting Horizons, 24 (4), 635-670.										
	8. Busacca, G. A., & Maccarrone, P. (2007). IFRSs and accounting for intangible assets: The Telecom Italia case. Journal of										
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	intellectual capital, 8(2), 306-328.										

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- 9. Efferin, S., & Rudiawarni, F. A. (2014). Memahami Perilaku Stakeholders Indonesia Dalam Adopsi Ifrs: Tinjauan Aspek Kepentingan, Bahasa, Dan Budaya. Jurnal Akuntansi dan Keuangan Indonesia, 11(2), 138-164.
- Tsamenyi, M., Noormansyah, I., & Uddin, S. (2008). Management controls in family-owned businesses (FOBs): A case study of an Indonesian family-owned University. In Accounting Forum (Vol. 32, No. 1, pp. 62-74). Elsevier.

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